

- 1. (Amended) An in vivo process for delivering a polynucleotide to a skeletal muscle cell in a mammal, comprising:
 - a) inserting the polynucleotide into a blood vessel in the mammal;
 - b) applying pressure to the mammal's limb epidermis to impede blood flow of the blood vessel;
 - c) applying immunosuppression selected from the group consisting of continuous and transient to suppress an immune response to the polynucleotide; and,
 - b) delivering the polynucleotide to the skeletal muscle cell resulting in expression at detectable levels.
- 5. (Amended) The process of claim 1 wherein the skeletal muscle cell consists of a limb muscle cell.
- 6. (Amended) The process of claim 5 wherein the limb muscle cell consists of a leg muscle cell.
- 24. (Amended) The process of claim 6 wherein the leg muscle cell is selected from the group consisting of gastrocnemius and soleus.
- 25. (Amended) The process of claim 6 wherein the leg muscle is selected from the group consisting of popliteus, flexor digitorum longus, flexor hallucis longus, and tibialis posterior.
- 29. (Amended) The process of claim 6 wherein the leg muscle is selected from the group consisting of tibialis anterior, extensor hallucis longus, extensor digitorum longus, and abductor hallucis longus.
- 39. (Amended) An in vivo process for delivering a polynucleotide to a skeletal muscle cell in a mammal, comprising:
 - a) inserting the polynucleotide into a blood vessel and applying pressure to a limb wherein the pressure is applied to the mammal's epidermis to impede blood flow of the blood vessel;
 - b) delivering the polynucleotide to the mammalian skeletal muscle affected by the applied pressure;
 - c) expressing the polynucleotide to detectable levels; and,
 - d) maintaining function of the mammal's limbs wherein function is not affected by the delivery process.
- 42. (Amended) The process of claim 1 wherein immunosuppression delivery is selected from the group consisting of oral treatment and subcutaneous injection.

Applicants hereby submit a marked up version to show changes made.

- 1. (Amended) An *in vivo* process for delivering a polynucleotide to a [parenchymal] <u>skeletal</u> <u>muscle</u> cell in a mammal, comprising:
 - a) inserting the polynucleotide into a blood vessel in the mammal;
 - b) [externally impeding *in vivo* blood flow] <u>applying pressure to the mammal's limb</u> epidermis to impede blood flow of the blood vessel;
 - applying immunosuppression selected from the group consisting of continuous and transient to suppress an immune response to the polynucleotide; and,
 - d) delivering the polynucleotide to the [parenchymal] skeletal muscle cell resulting in expression at detectable levels.
- 5. (Amended) The process of claim 1 wherein the [parenchymal] skeletal muscle cell consists of a limb muscle cell.
- 6. (Amended) The process of claim 5 wherein the <u>limb</u> muscle cell consists of a leg muscle cell.
- (Amended) The process of claim [22] 6 wherein the [superficial] leg muscle cell is selected from the group consisting of gastrocnemius and soleus.
- 25. (Amended) The process of claim [23] 6 wherein the [deep cell] leg muscle is selected from the group consisting of popliteus, flexor digitorum longus, flexor hallucis longus, and tibialis posterior.
- 29. (Amended) The process of claim [26] 6 wherein the [anterior muscle cell] leg muscle is selected from the group consisting of tibialis anterior, extensor hallucis longus, extensor digitorum longus, and abductor hallucis longus.





- 39. (Amended) An *in vivo* process for delivering a polynucleotide to a <u>skeletal muscle</u> cell in a mammal, comprising:
 - a) inserting the polynucleotide into a blood vessel and applying pressure to <u>a limb</u> [blood vessel] wherein the pressure is applied to the mammal's epidermis to impede blood flow of the blood vessel [externally to mammalian skin];
 - b) [applying immunosuppression to the mammal]; delivering the polynucleotide to the mammalian skeletal muscle affected by the applied pressure;
 - c) expressing the polynucleotide to detectable levels; and,
 - e)d) maintaining [full] function of the mammal's limbs [subsequent to delivery] wherein function is not affected by the delivery process.
- 42. (Amended) The process of claim 1 wherein immunosuppression <u>delivery</u> is selected from the group consisting of oral treatment and subcutaneous injection.